



Graph Neural Networks for Traffic Forecasting

João Rico^{1,2,3},
José Barateiro^{1,2},
Arlindo Oliveira^{2,3}

¹LNEC - National Laboratory of Civil Engineering, Portugal

²INESC-ID, Portugal

³Instituto Superior Técnico, Lisboa, Portugal

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MAINTENANCE CONFERENCE IN THE ARAB
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- Rapid urbanization: 4.7B people to 6.7B by 2050 [United Nations]
- Air and water pollution, unsustainable energy consumption, toxic waste disposal, inadequate urban planning, decreased public health and safety, social vulnerability
- In most large cities of the world, **mobility of passengers and freights is not yet sustainable**
- Traffic congestion, increase of transport needs, ineffective accessibility, reduced productivity

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- In most large cities of the world, **mobility of passengers and freights is not yet sustainable**
- Traffic congestion, increase of transport needs, ineffective accessibility, reduced productivity
- Solutions:
 - 1. Champion alternatives
 - 2. Enlarge infrastructure
 - **3. Manage traffic flows**
- Increase of available data enables innovative and integrated solutions
- Urban computing: intelligent transportation systems (ITS), smart vehicle sharing systems, home automation, smart grid and energy solutions
- Core component of ITS:
 - **traffic forecasting**

Traffic Forecasting

Goal of Traffic Forecasting:

- **Measure, model and predict traffic conditions**, in real-time, accurately and reliably, in order to
- **Optimize the flow and mitigate traffic congestion**, and support traffic light control, time of arrival estimates, planning of new road segments

Traffic Forecasting

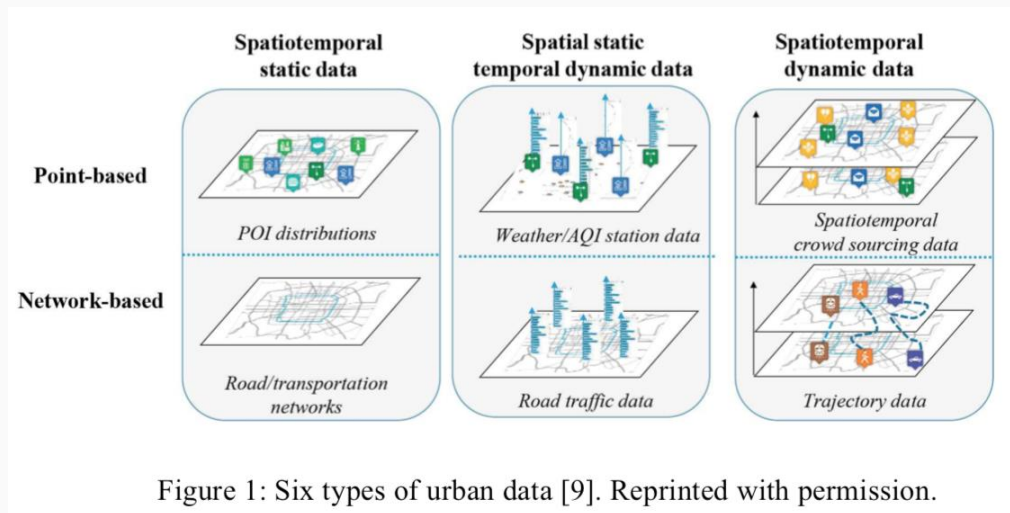
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Very challenging problem:

- **Heterogeneous data** (e.g., loop counter and floating car data)
- Complex **spatio-temporal** dependencies
- Typically **sparse, incomplete and high-dimensional** data
- Inclusion of **external factors** (e.g., weather conditions, and road accidents)

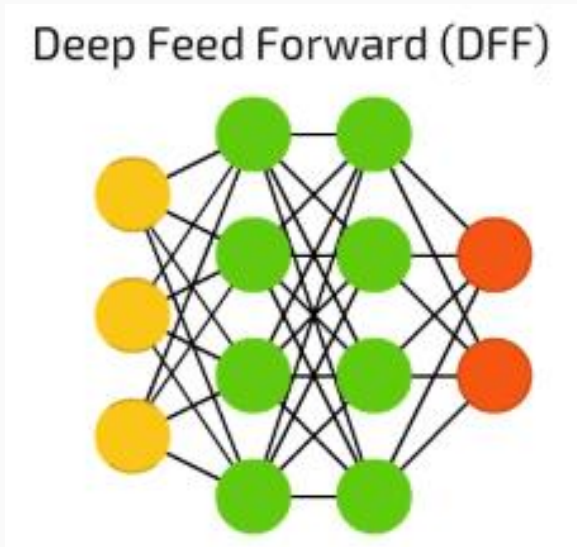
Traffic Forecasting



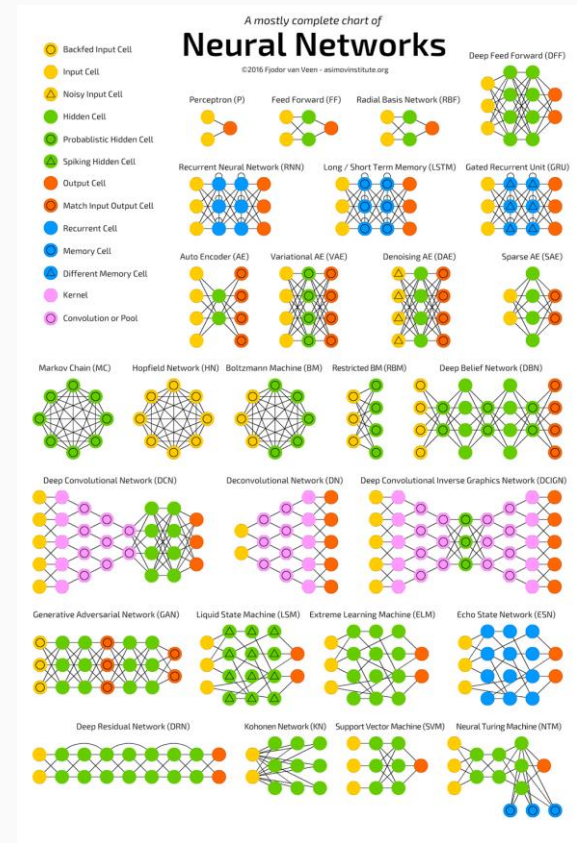
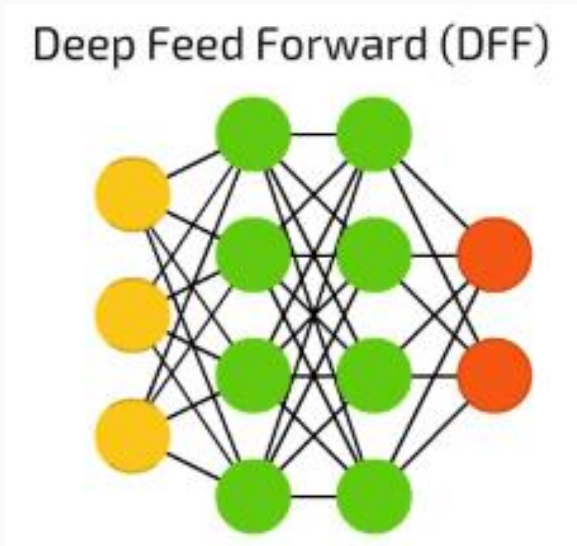
Traffic Forecasting

- Traditional approaches can be divided into model-driven and data-driven approaches
- **Model-driven** methods typically require prior knowledge, detailed modeling, not easily transferable to other cases, significant computational resources
- **Traditional data-driven** approaches typically require careful feature engineering, and are not complex enough to model the non-linearity and non-stationarity of the spatio-temporal data

- Deep learning and neural networks

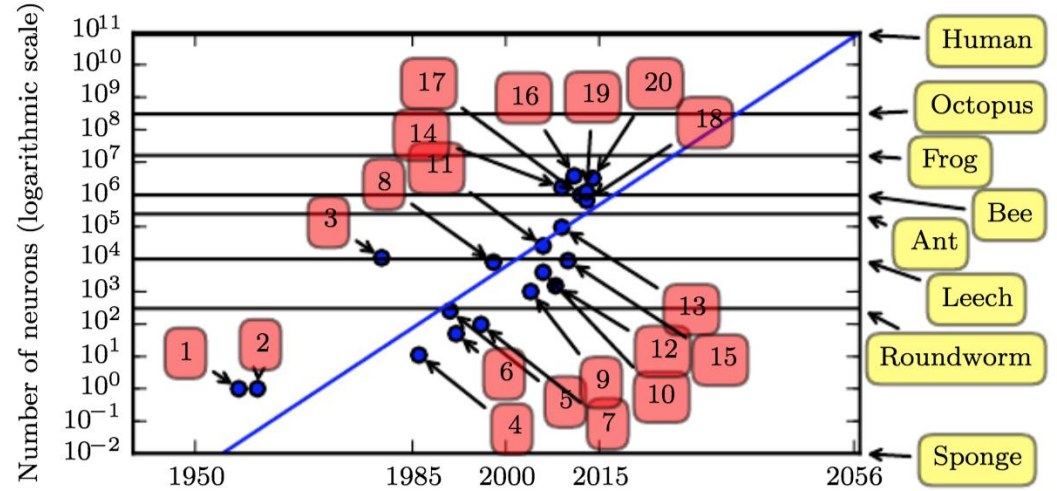


- Deep learning and neural networks



Neural Networks

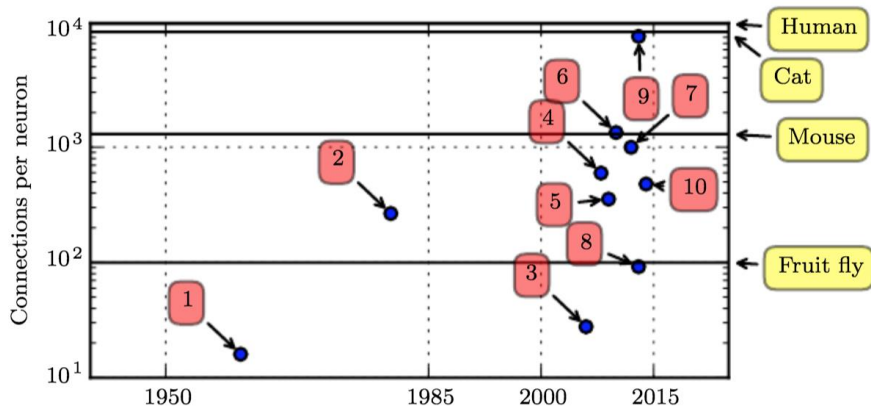
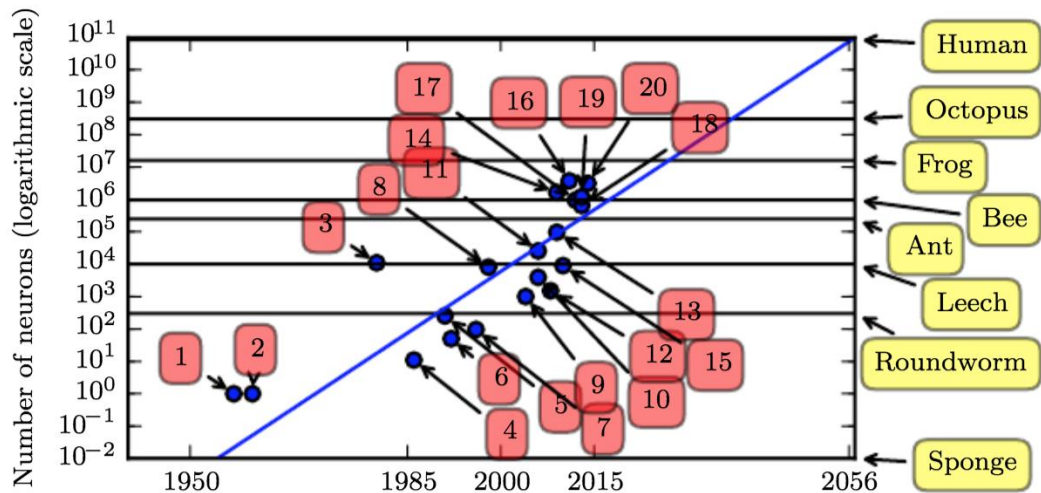
- # neurons



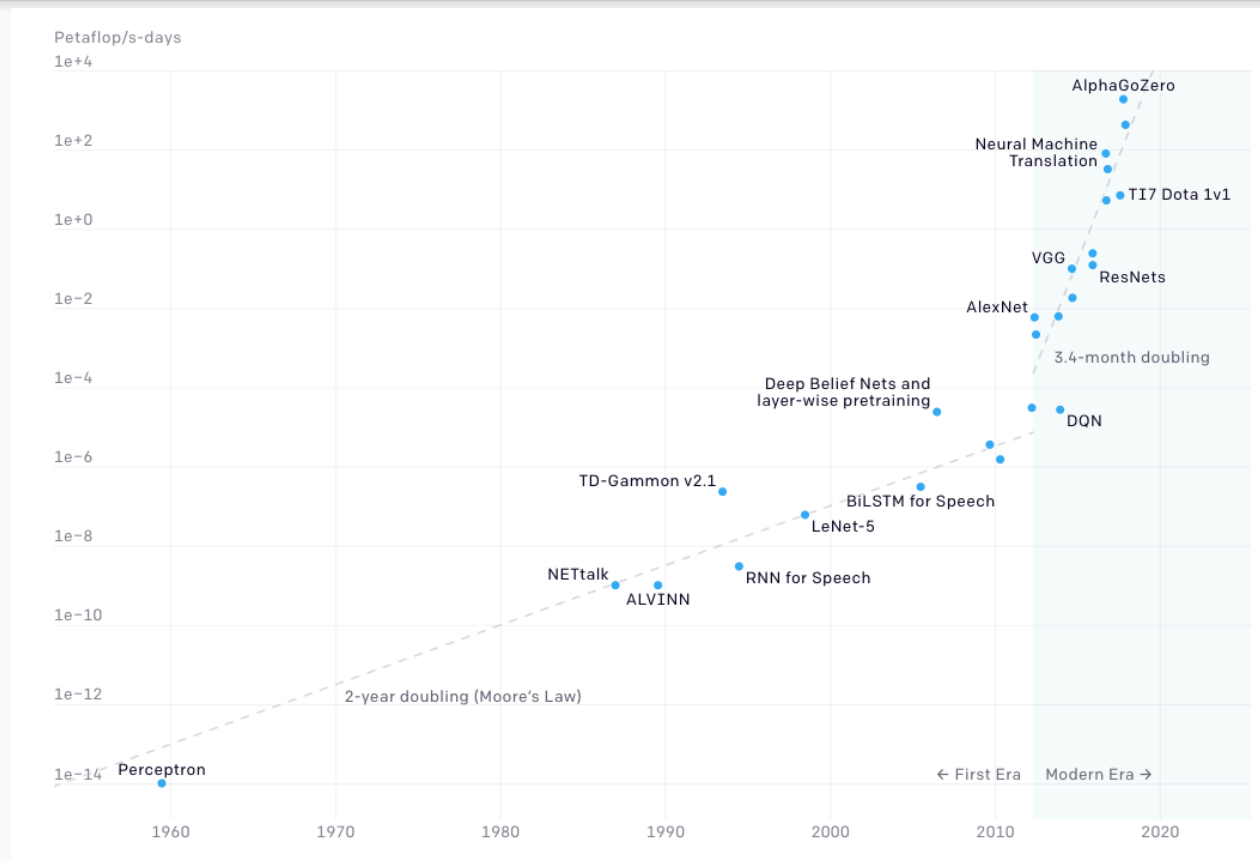
Neural Networks

- # neurons

- # connections

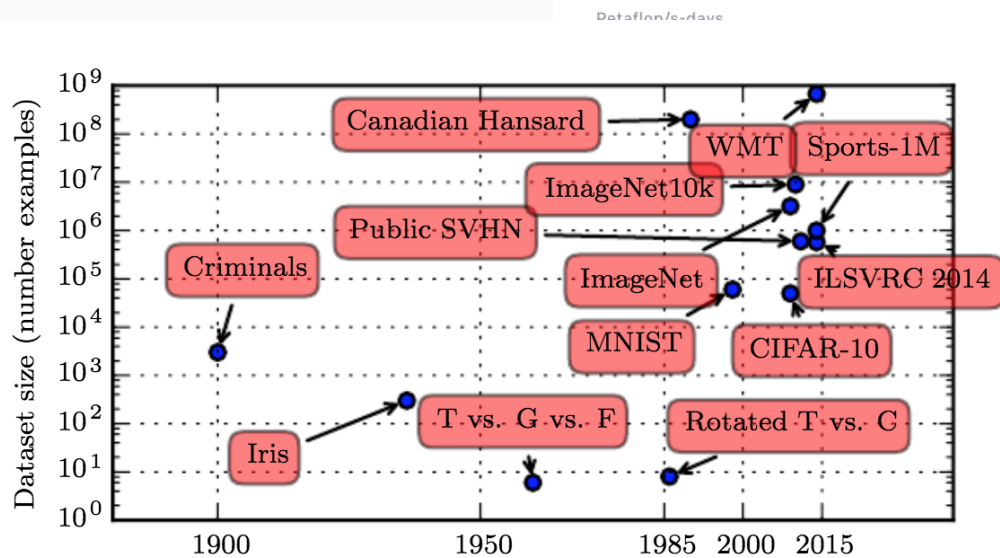


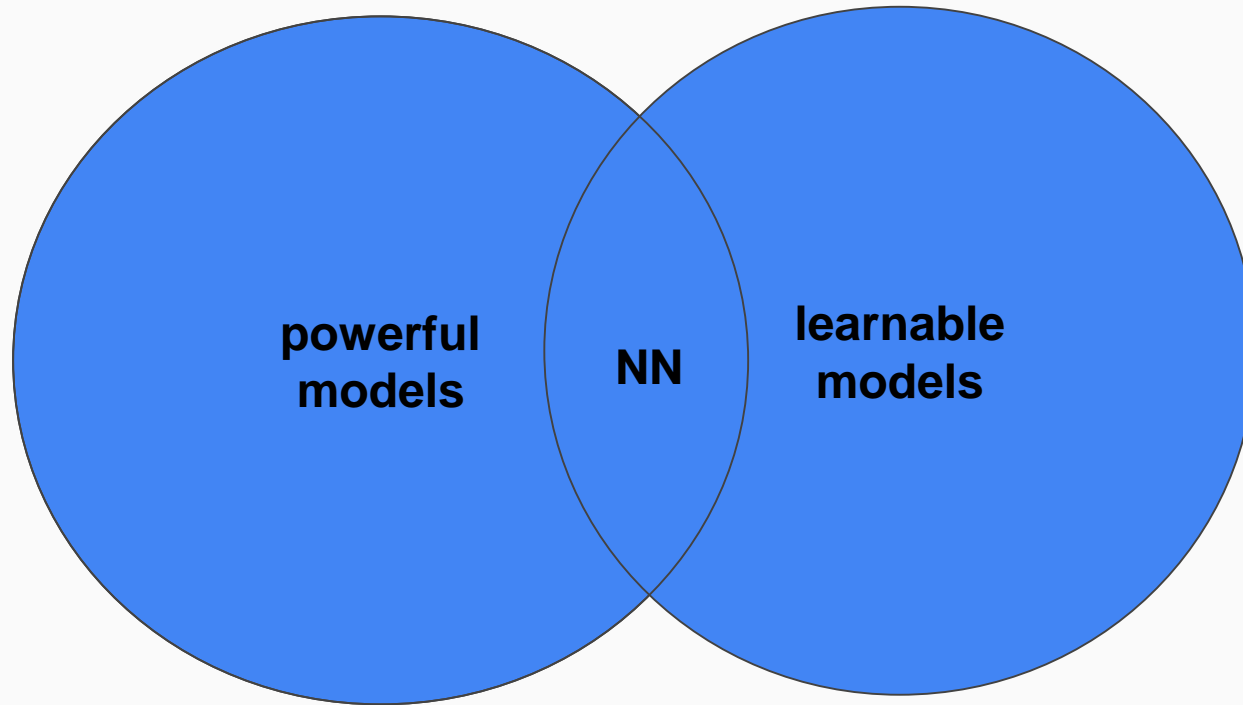
Neural networks (datasets and compute)



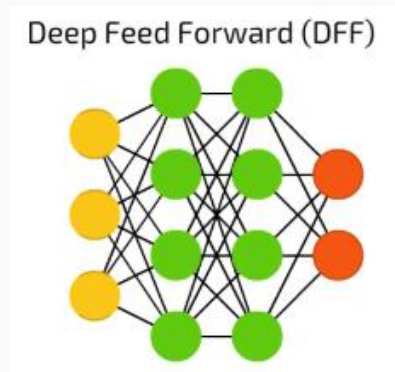
Source: *Deep Learning* - Ian Goodfellow et al, MIT PRESS - 2017; <https://openai.com/blog/ai-and-compute/>

Neural networks (datasets and compute)

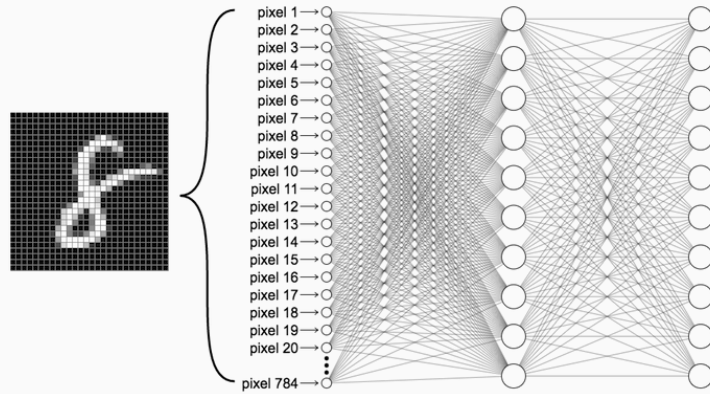
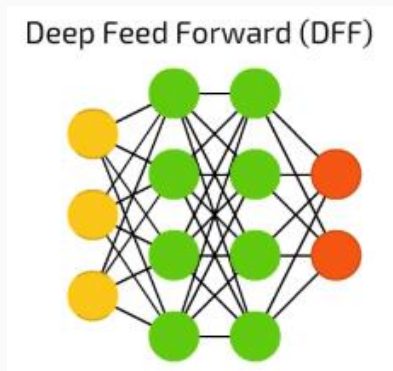




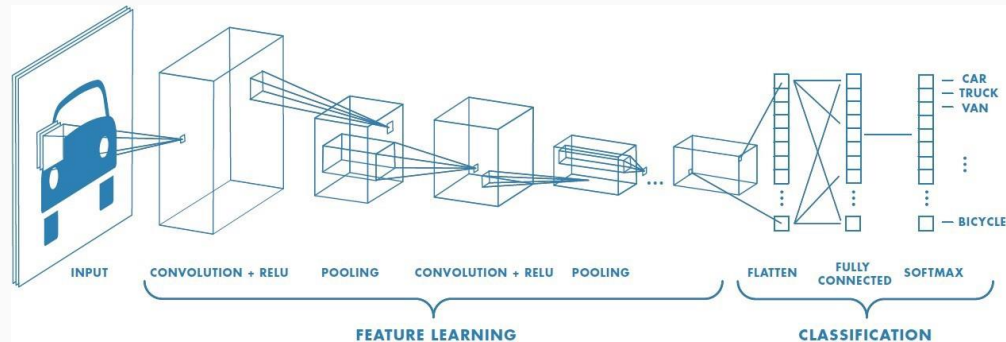
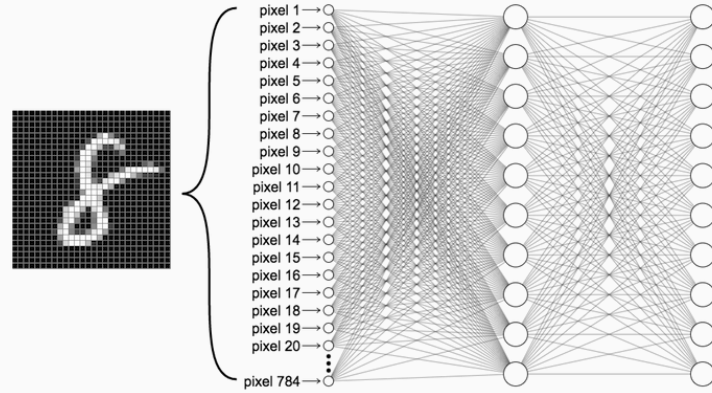
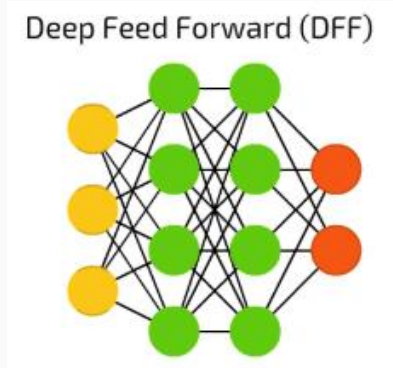
Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)



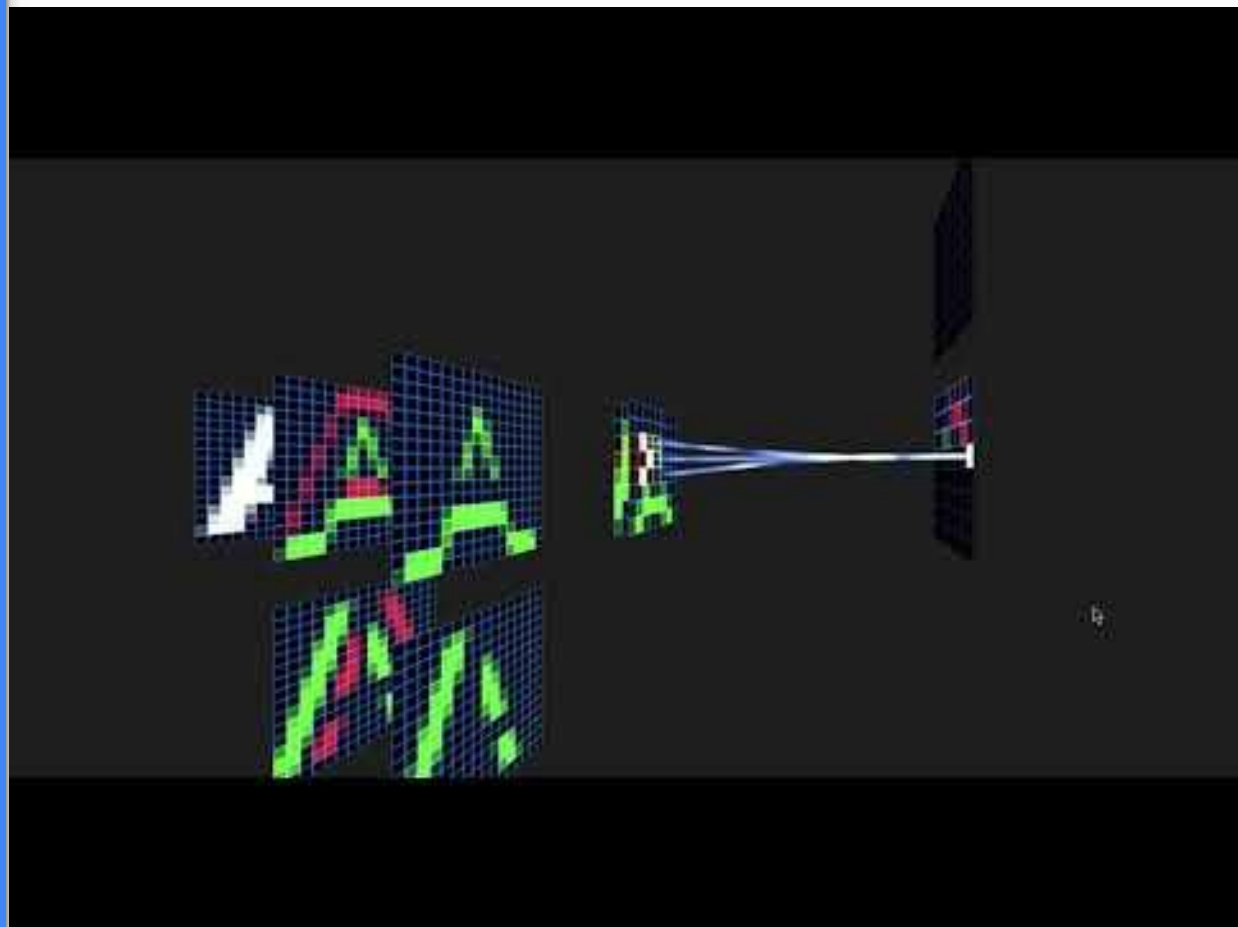
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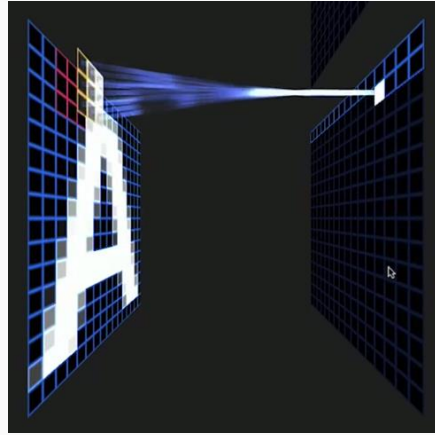
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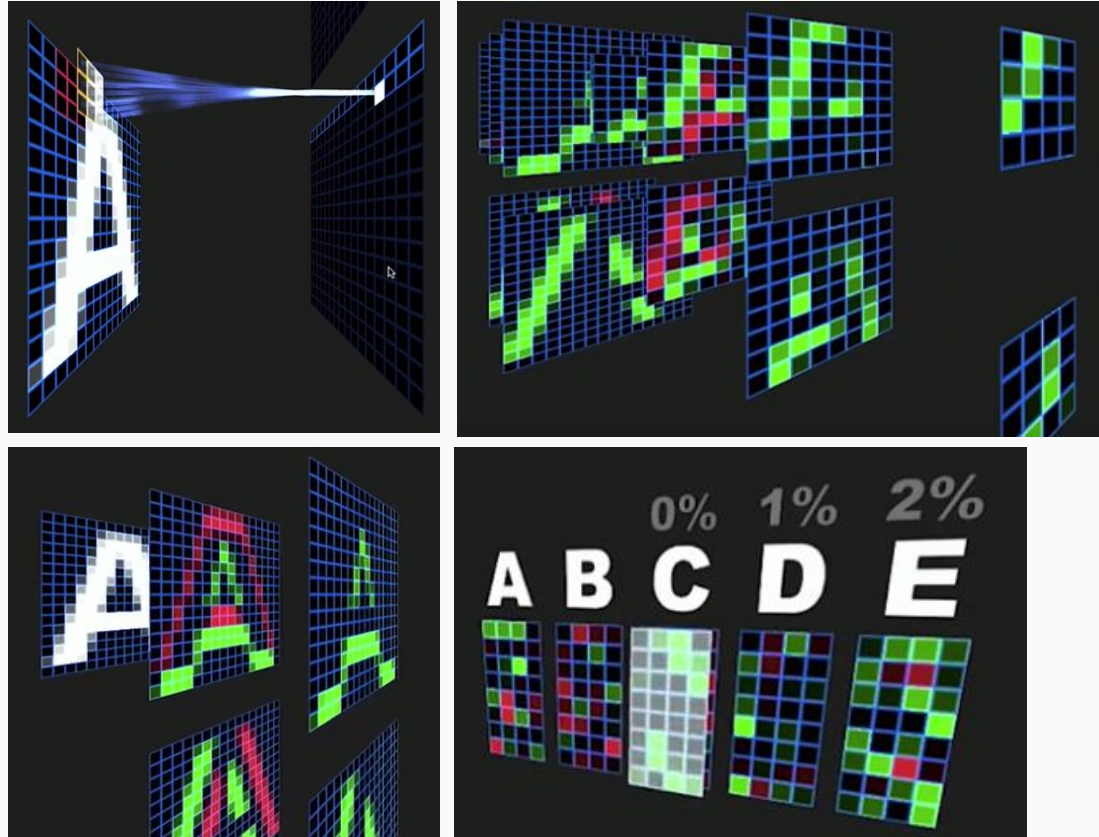
https://youtu.be/9KuhzUX1_Ks

Source: Otavio Good - A visual and intuitive understanding of deep learning

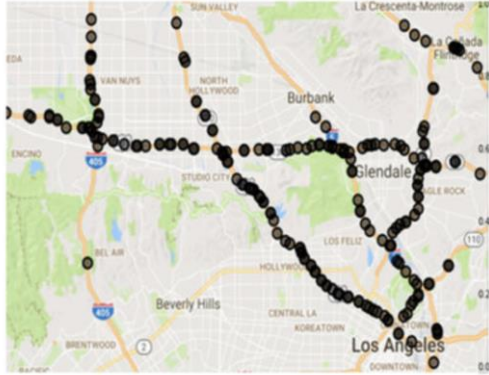
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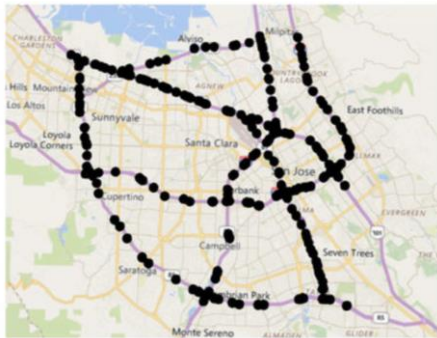
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Graph Neural Networks (GNN)

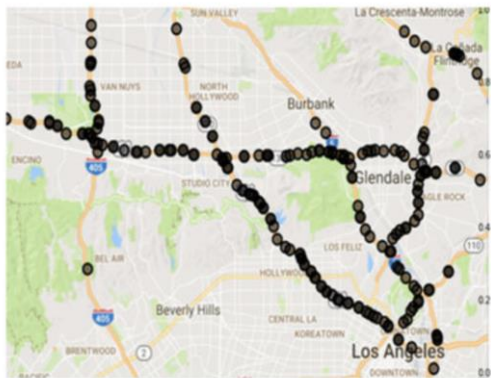


(a) METR-LA

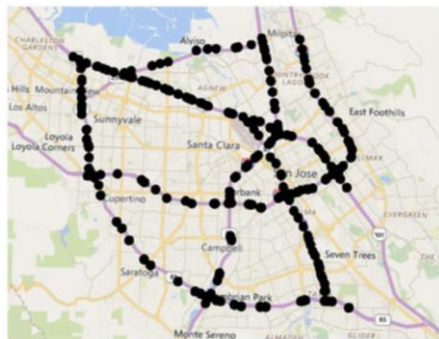


(b) PEMS-BAY

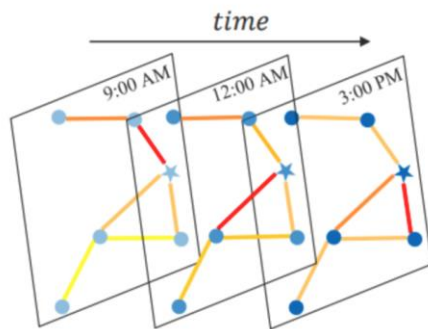
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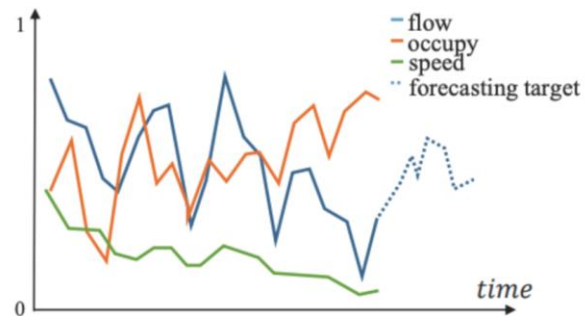
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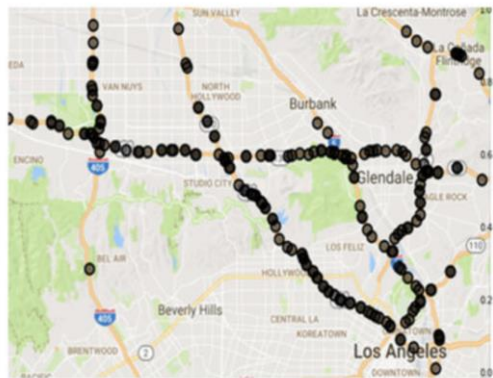


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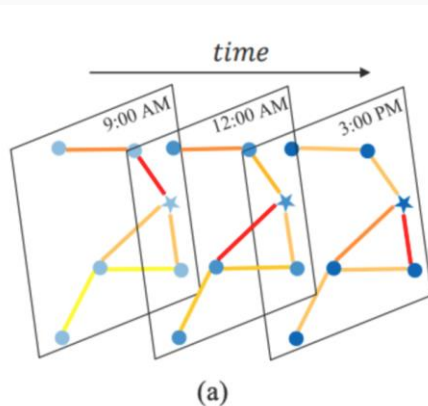


(b)

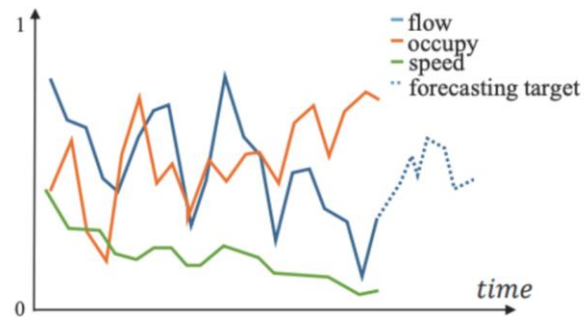
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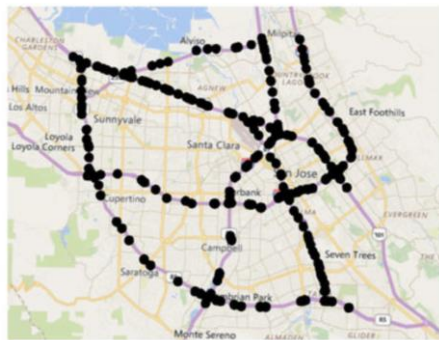
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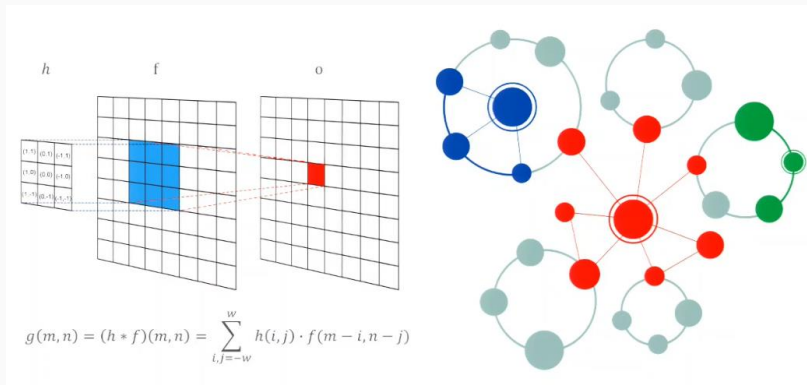
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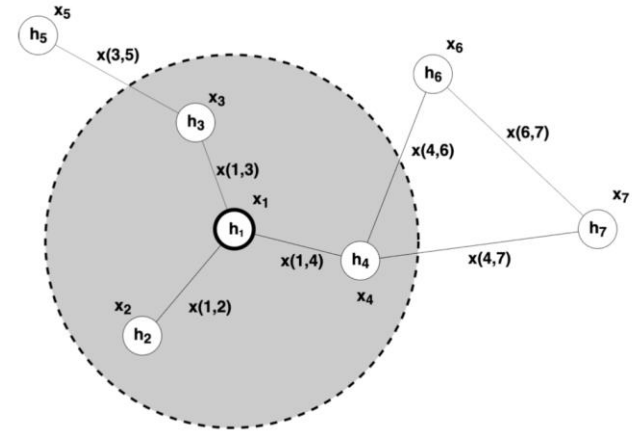
Category	References
Recurrent Graph Neural Networks	[39], [47]–[50]
Convolutional Graph Neural Networks	[37], [40], [51]–[53]
Graph Attention Networks	[54], [55]
Graph Autoencoders	[56]–[61]

Table 1. Categorization of graph neural network models and representative publications.

Graph Neural Networks (GNN)

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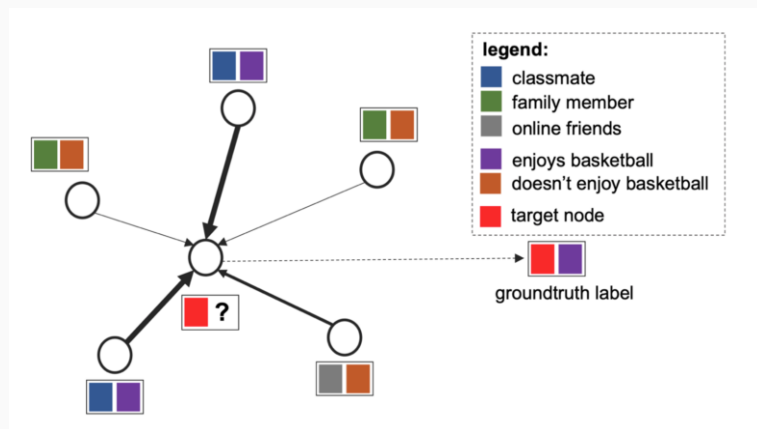


$$h_1 = (x_1, x_{(1,2)}, x_{(1,3)}, x_{(1,4)}, h_2, h_3, h_4, x_2, x_3, x_4)$$

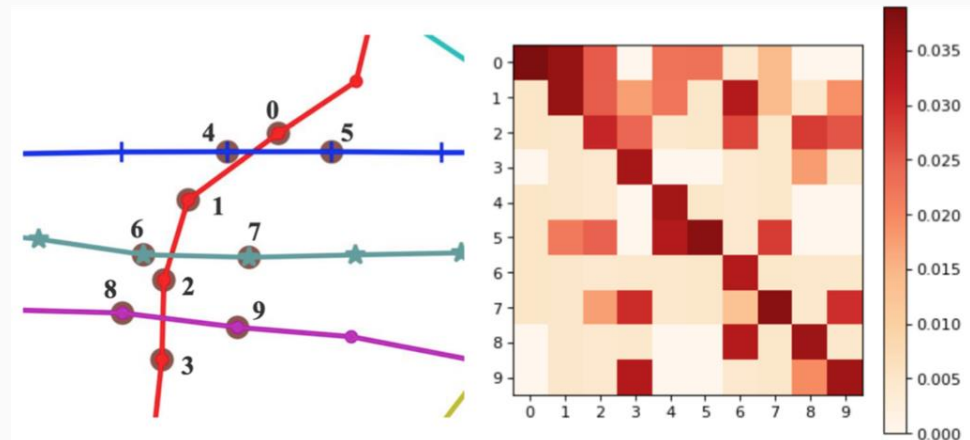
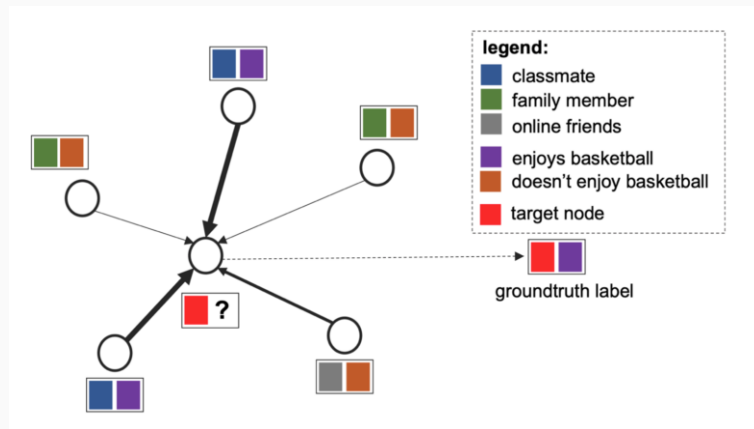
$$h_v = f(x_v, x_{co[v]}, h_{ne[v]}, x_{ne[v]}),$$

$$o_v = g(h_v, x_v),$$

Graph Neural Networks (GNN)

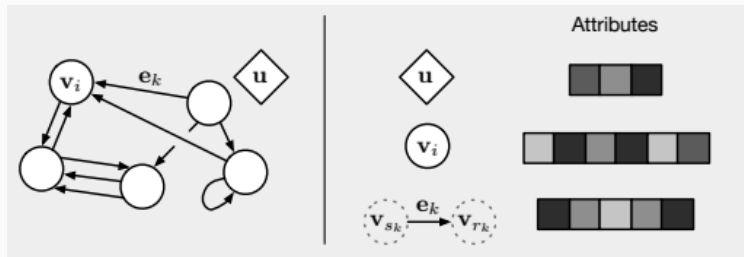


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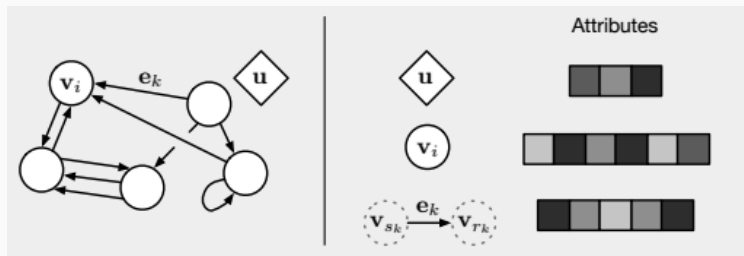


(c) Attention matrix obtained from the spatial attention mechanism.

Graph Network (GN) Blocks



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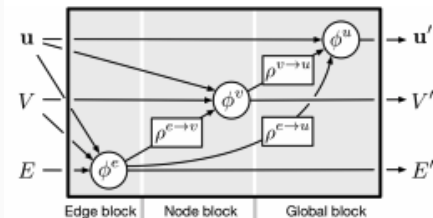
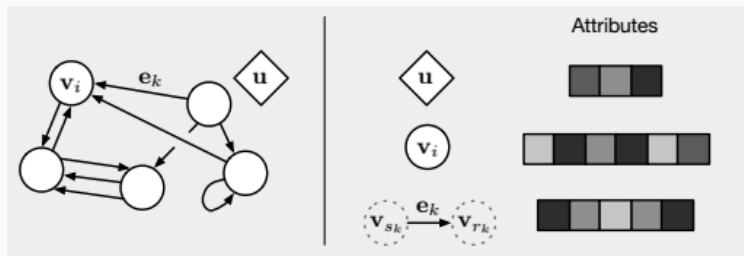


$$e_k' = \varphi^e(e_k, h_{rk}, h_{sk}, u), \quad e_i^{*'} = \rho^{e \rightarrow h}(E_i'),$$

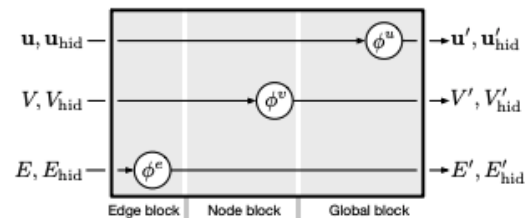
$$h_i' = \varphi^h(e_i^{*'}, h_i, u), \quad e^{*'} = \rho^{e \rightarrow u}(E'),$$

$$u' = \varphi^u(e^{*'}, h^{*'}, u), \quad h^{*'} = \rho^{h \rightarrow u}(H'),$$

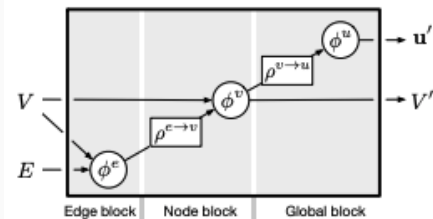
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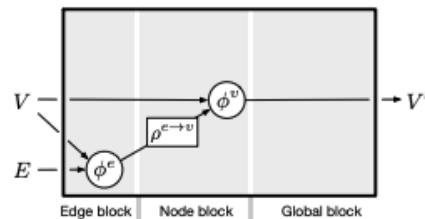
(a) Full GN block



(b) Independent recurrent block



(c) Message-passing neural network



(d) Non-local neural network

$$\begin{aligned}
 e_k' &= \varphi^e(e_k, h_{rk}, h_{sk}, u), & e_i^{*'} &= \rho^{e \rightarrow h}(E_i'), \\
 h_i' &= \varphi^h(e_i^{*'}, h_i, u), & e^{*'} &= \rho^{e \rightarrow u}(E'), \\
 u' &= \varphi^u(e^{*'}, h^{*'}, u), & h^{*'} &= \rho^{h \rightarrow u}(H'),
 \end{aligned}$$

GNN for Traffic Forecasting

=

GNN

+

Time

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GNN for Traffic Forecasting

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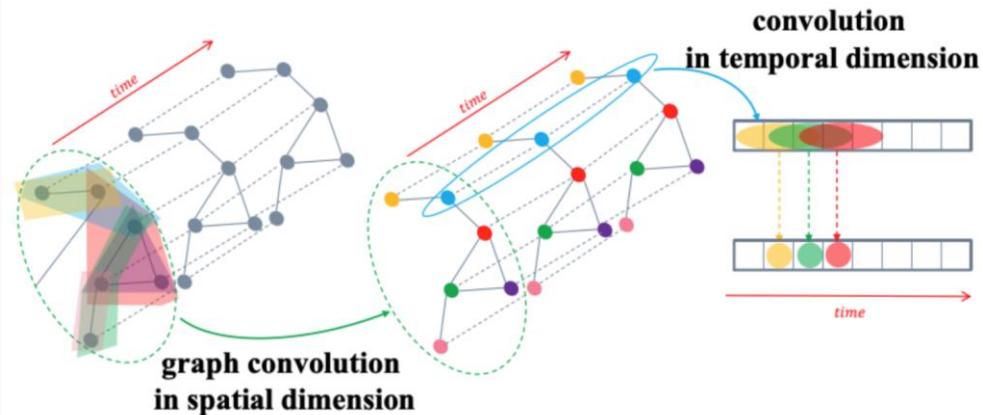
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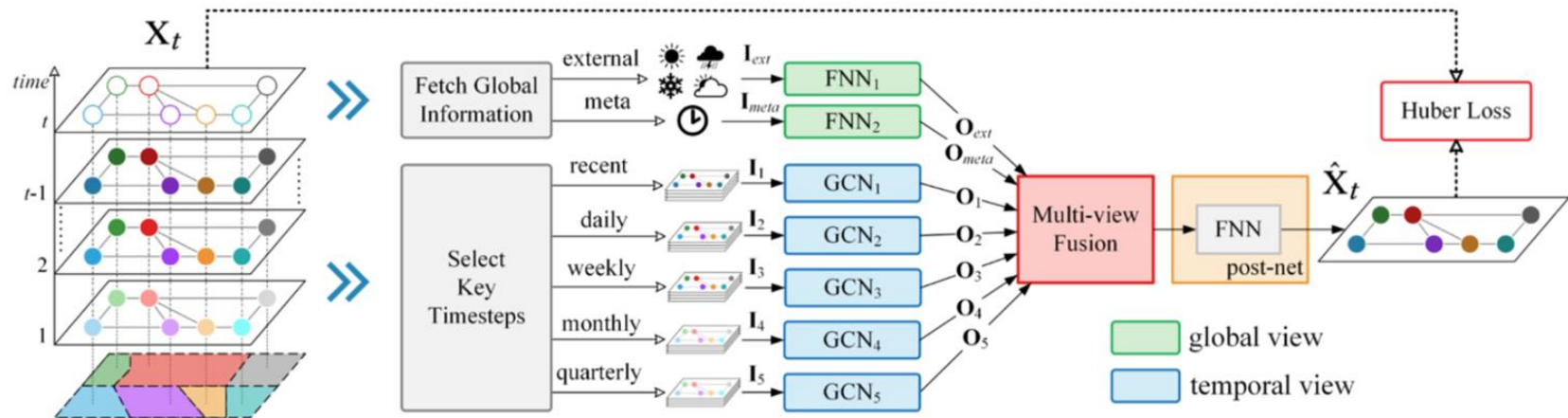
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GNN for Traffic Forecasting

Model	Ref.	Scope	Predicts	Data source	Datasets	Open dataset?	Code available?
ST-GCN	[92]	Fw, Ur	S	L	BJER4, PeMS	X, ✓	✓
DCRNN	[83]	Fw	S	L	METR-LA, PeMS	✓	✓
MRes-RGNN	[87]	Fw	S	L	METR-LA, PeMS	✓	X
TGC-LSTM	[7]	Fw, Ur	S	L, FCD	LOOP, INRIX	✓, X	X
ASTGCN	[8]	Fw	F, S	L	PeMSD4, PeMSD8	✓	✓
STDGI	[86]	Fw	S	L	METR-LA	✓	✓
MVGCN	[90]	Ur	F	FCD	TaxiNYC, TaxiBJ, BikeDC, BikeNYC	✓	X
DST-GCNN	[82]	Fw, Ur	S, V	L, FCD	METR-LA, TaxiBJ	✓	X
GSRNN	[91]	Ur	F	FCD	BikeNYC, TaxiBJ	✓	X
Graph Wavenet	[84]	Fw	S	L	METR-LA, PeMS	✓	✓
3D-TGCN	[6]	Fw	S	L	PeMS	✓	X
ST-UNet	[93]	Fw	S	L	METR-LA, PeMS	✓	X
GaAN	[55]	Fw	S	L	METR-LA	✓	X
Motif-GCRNN	[88]	Ur	S	FCD	TaxiChengdu	X	X
STGi-ResNet	[85]	Ur	F	FCD	Didi Chengdu	✓	X
T-GCN	[94]	Fw, Ur	S	FCD	SZ-taxi, Los-loop	X, ✓	X
FlowConvGRU	[97]	Ur	F	FCD	TaxiNYC, TaxiCD	✓	X

GNN for Traffic Forecasting



Multi-view Graph Convolutional Networks (MVGCN) [90]

Conclusions, Challenges and Opportunities

- Deep learning and in particular, Graph Neural Networks, have achieved state of the art results in prediction tasks, including traffic prediction
- Several challenges and opportunities lie ahead, in the next decades
- Opportunities:
 - More and better data
 - More computational resources
- Challenges:
 - Uncertainty estimates
 - Interpretability
 - Integration with downstream applications
 - Data ageing and concept drift
 - Travel time prediction
 - Better evaluation metrics
 - Systematic inclusion of exogenous factors



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